File Naming Conventions

Standard Engineering Practices

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Saved File Name

The following naming convention has been derived to assure a simple yet effective way of identifying a file for a specific controller. The naming convention is used for job specific files.

Equipment Name + "_" + Model number of the controller + "_" + Controller identifier. For a controller identifier the following 2-digit code is added before the controller number. MN is used for MicroNet 2000 and I/A controllers. MZ is used for MicroZoneIIs, and P is used for PEMs. A few examples are as follows.

AHU01 has an MNL-800 controller and the controller number (as determined by hardware drawings) is controller 01. The subsequent name would be "AHU01_MN800_MN01".

HV01 has a MN20RR2 (rooftop profile I/A controller) and the controller number is 25. The file name becomes "HV01_MN20RR2_MN25".

A MicroZoneII with a controller number of 16 controls AC09. The filename becomes "AC09_MZ2_MZ16".

A PEM is used to control a Unit Vent number 23. The controller number is 32. The resulting filename becomes "UV23_PEM_P32".

VAV box 01 has a MicroNet 2000 controller (MNFLO3T) that is numbered 45. The filename becomes "VAV01_MNFLO3T_MN45".

It is understood that MicroZoneIIs, PEMs, and MicroNet 200 devices are accessed via a DOS based interface and the file name may pose a problem. In that case a simple addressing scheme of GxxMxx or GxxPxx or GxxMNxx can work. Where Gxx is the GCM number Mxx is the MicroZoneII number, Pxx is the PEM number and MNxx is the MicroNet 2000 controller number.

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